paterson, N. J., Dec. 1 (Special).-The last ell and testament of Vice-President Garrett Hebart was filed for probate in the office d Surrogate King this morning, after it had wen read in the presence of the executors and purtees named in it. The document was drawn up by the late Vice-President in July, 1897, and has a codicil dated March 9, 1899.

Mr. Hobart did not forget the public charities of this city, and generous bequests are left to the General and St. Joseph's hospitals, the orphan Asylum, the Old Ladies' Home and the Children's Day Nursery. In the original will Mr. Hobart bequeathes \$3,000 to each of these issitutions, but in the codicil he increases this ent to \$5,000 for each.

Hobart Tuttle, the Vice-President's brotherp-law, receives \$20,000, and a like amount is squeathed to David R. Hobart, a brother of Wice-President. David R. Hobart's two chilmen will receive \$10,000 each. To Albert A. wilcox, Mr. Hobart's law partner, is left

The estate, it is computed, at the present time, all amount to \$2,000,000. The estimate is congered conservative, as it is expected that, when number of the enterprises in which Mr. Hopart was interested as a stockholder develop, the estate will be considerably increased.

By the terms of the will Mrs. Hobart will neelve \$1,000,000, either in cash or securities as she may select. In addition she receives all the personal property in this city and in Washington. She also receives \$10,000 for distribution among employes, relatives and friends, as she may see fit.

The income from the residue goes to Mrs. Hobart and her son, Garret A. Hobart, jr., for their maintenance. Edward T. Bell, Colonel William Barbour and Albert A. Wilcox are named as the executors

and Mrs. Hobart as executrix. In case of the death of any of the executors, Hobart Tuttle is en take his place. Following are some clauses from the will:

relievable and executrix and executors hereishe named shall have full power and authority
is eligand shall have full power and authority
is eligand shall have full power and authority
is eligand. If every kind and description,
eligand shall have full power and description,
eligand the same may be located, at their will
and passure, and to assign and convey the same
with full power in the premises, and to change or
exchant the same as they may deem fit and propeeligand to give good and sufficient deeds or other
assumances for the same. And I expressly direct
that they may hold and keep likewise in their discration any investments or securities in which I
have made payments or investments during my
liketime, and to protect the same in their judgment.
And both my executors or trustees may take such
risk in reliation thereto as executors might not have
the legal right to take, if they were governed by
the strict legal rules in making investments, but
this application shall be made only so far as investments are concerned, made only so far as investments are concerned, made by me in my lifetime
and in the care and protection of such investments,
and has no reference to such direct investments,
and has no reference to such direct investment as
executors are bound to make out of moneys in their
hands.

All the rest residue and remainder of my estate, the order that my executrix and executors here-

All the rest, residue and remainder of my estate All the rest, residue and remainder of my estate, personal, real or mixed. I give, devise and bequeath to my executrix and my executors as trustees, the income of which is to be paid over to my mid wife, and is to be used for the support and maintenance of my wife. Jennie T. Hobart, and also for the support, maintenance and education of our remaining child, Garret A. Hobart, in, hereafter empowering her with full control over the entire income of the said estate for the full control over the entire in-

titled not only to the income, but to the whole estate, to him or her, their heirs and assigns, for-

THE MATINEE GIRL'S LETTERS.

THEY CANNOT BE FORWARDED BY THE TRIBUNE-A FEW PEARLS OF THOUGHT ON THE SUBJECT.

The following communication has reached The

Dear Sir.

Dear Sir.

Will you oblige me by putting this notice in the theatrical notes in the supplement.

"As I cannot meet Mr. — I wish to tell him by the paper how much I enjoy his acting. X. Z.

Is it necessary to say that the handwriting is feminine? There is no need of waiting for the Sunday Supplement. Such a matter demands attention at once. It is even important enough to warrant the disregard of the usually excellent rule against taking any notice of an anonymous letter. Nor is it right to let the note appear less worthy of attention because the first sentence in it ends with a period instead of an interrogation mark, or which begins but never ends, or because the name of the actor, suppressed in the copy given here, begins with a small letter in the note. The whole affair is remarkable, not so much for these things as that the note should be sent to a newspaper

instead of to the theatre.

really signed to the note, but with that exception and the suppression of the actor's name it is reproduced exactly. The theatrical notes in the Sunday Supplement of The Tribune are not inended for the conveying of private messages. Neither is this column. Hence the suppression of the name and the initials. The actor named in owers. Some say that he is good looking, and he scertainly what his fellows call a "matinee actor," theatre, by the way of the box office, a crowd of feelish little girls like X. Z., and also, alas! many selish women who are old enough to know better. The note will not be forwarded to him. He would at he grateful. It is understood that he is obliged nd a part of his salary for a private secrelary, for the express purpose of opening all notes of this sort and destroying them. The only reason or opening them at all is that they sometimes contain inclosures of value which it is desirable to refun to the senders. It is fortunate for X. Z. that she "cannot meet Mr. ——," for if she could she would probably say something much more silly than the than this note. This is not a silly one, as "mash let-ters" go-for the actors have a name for the kind of letter just as they have for the kind of actor who has them forced upon him. They do not usually

stop with admiration of acting. The subject of the adoration of the matines actor s an old one. Yet if it would accomplish anything it would be worth while to discuss it again at greater length. But it would not accomplish any thing The very schoolgirls who write ters despise the young men-the "Johnnies"—they have their name, too-who wait at the stage doorby no means in such large numbers as is commonly reported—to see their favorite members of the ballet come out. Do the matinee girls realize that they are simply the feminine gender of the same noun? Can they not see that what they do is just as tomaldenly and unwomanly as what the young men do is unmanly? If they feel irresistibly attracted by the man's acting, let them go to see it, and good luck to them; but if they wish the respect of themselves or anybody else, they will do better to tefrain from writing these stilly missives, which, as a rule, hobody scorns for their indelicacy and their lous adulation more than the actor who re-

"WHO KILLED COCK ROBINT" Albany, Dec. 1.—Thomas Q. Scabrooke gave the performance of "Who Killed Cock Robin" at the Empire Theatre, this city, to-night before a large audience. The lines and situations were well brought out by the company. The new piece was translated and adapted from the French by J. Cheever Goodwin, assisted by Louis Harrison.

TWO WOMEN GET DAMAGES.

Annie Edington, twenty years old, of No. 70 Willoughy-st, received a verdict for \$2,000 yesterday, before Justice Gaynor and a jury in her suit for Manufacturing Company of Jay and John sis.
Some machinery fell and crushed her thumb, so
that it had to be amputated.

O'Connor, who lives in the Borough of The

Bronx, received a verdict yesterday for 300 as damages for personal injuries against the Brook-lyn Ferry Company in the Supreme Court before Justice Maddox and a jury. The plaintiff was coming to Brooklyn on a Twenty-third-st. ferryboat on February 11 last, and when leaving the boat the gangplank gave way and she was pitched forward and badly bruised. The suit was brought to recover \$15,000.

THE PASSING THRONG.

Henry C. Mercer, who is connected with a large bridge building firm in Cleveland, is in this city at the Imperial Hotel. Mr. Mercer STEEL MEN says that nearly all men who are in the iron and steel business are EXPANSION. expansionists. "We are now supplying the material for, and sending the engineers to build bridges in India, Aus-

tralia, China and all parts of the world. I think with the acquisition of new territory and the investment of American capital in these new possessions there will come a chance for every line of manufacture and trade to expand and develop and reach out and get new business. It is going to help every one." Mr. Mercer told a story about a party of commercial travellers he fell in with in a Western city. Of course, a man isn't able to get a contract for a bridge every day, and if he gets one a year he is doing pretty well, as the margin of profit is large. He happened to drop into a group of travelling men in the hotel in the evening, and these men were cursing their luck. "One of the men," said Mr. Mercer, "the salesman for a drygoods house, said bitterly. 'I haven't sold a bill of goods in two days.' Another one, a clothing man, said, 'You're lucky, I have been out all the week, and haven't taken an order.' A third and a fourth chimed in, and it was the same story. I turned to the group, and said, 'Well, boys, I am on the road myself, but I don't see where you have any kick coming. I haven't taken an order in two years. They looked at me in blank astonishment, and then one said, 'Say, what blanked fool house do you travel for, any way? What do you sell?' I smiled and said, 'Bridges.' They gasped for a moment, and then the one who had propounded the question said, 'Well, it's on me. Let's go into the bar.'" with the acquisition of new territory and the in-

There are well authenticated reports of men who have started out looking for trouble. There are instances recorded where they have WANTED found it. It is unique, however, to YELLOW hear of a man who seriously tries to contract a malignant fever, so

that, having had it once, he may consider himself an immune in the future. Such is the case, however, with Dr. D. E. Dudley, whose home is in New-Hampshire, but who is now in the United States Marine Hospital Service. Dr. Dudley is off on a vacation, and was in the city on his way to New-Hampshire to spend Thanksgiving. He has been in Cuba for the last two years, and his work is combating the spread of yellow fever. It would be a great help to me in my profession. I have attended to as many as a hundred cases of yellow fever, but so far I have not contracted it. Last year I was quarantined everywhere that I went, whereas if I was an immune I could move around more readily and greatly facilitate my work." The doctor says that wonders have been worked in improving the sanitary condition of Havana, the streets have been cleaned and other precautions taken to make the place more healthy, but it will be years before the fever is entirely wiped out. "The people who are most likely to suffer now are the immigrants, of whom a great many are coming to the island," said the doctor. "It usually takes two or three years before the immigrant contracts the disease." home is in New-Hampshire, but who is now in the

Senator James McMillan of Michigan, who has been in the city for several days at the Holland House, went over to Washington yesterday in order to be present at CURRENCY the opening of Congress. The Senator doesn't believe that Con-BILL. gress should take too great liberties with the currency question in the course of the coming session, but should rather be conservative.

"There are some features of the Senate bill," he said in the course of a talk, "that I like. The measure prepared by the House is materially different from that suggested by the Senate, and of course there will have to be a conference of the committees before a uniform bill can be determined upon. If too much is attempted it is possible that nothing will be accomplished." The Senator thinks that the coming Congress will do something toward making laws for our new colonies. "I am of the opinion," he said, "that the coming Congress will make laws for the territorial government of Hawaii and Porto Rico, but it is hardly likely that anything in that direction will be done for Cuba or the Philippines for a long time." The Senator said be had no idea who would be mominated for the Vice-Presidency at the coming Republican National Convention, but said the idea seemed to be general that the choice would be accorded to New-York State. coming session, but should rather be conservative.

COLER PAYS AQUEDUCT CLAIM.

DECLARES THE CHARTER SHOULD BE AMENDED AS REGARDS CONFES-SION OF JUDGMENT BY COR-PORATION COUNSEL.

A writ of peremptory mandamus was served on Controller Coler yesterday by L. L. Kellogg, direct ing him to pay the claim of O'Brien & Clark for

T must pay or go to fall," said the Controller.
"I must pay or go to fall," said the Controller.
"I don't see that I can do anything more. I have personally spent \$2,000 for a taxpayer's suit to prevent payment. The courts have decided that the lis must be paid, and I am now going to pay

The suits of O'Brien & Clark have dragged through the courts for years. Originally the claims were for several million dollars. The case went to the Court of Appeals and it was decided against the plaintiffs on a technicality. New suits were threatened, and Corporation Counsel Scott a few days before he retired from office compromised for \$700,000. Controller Coler refused to pay, and the case again went to the Court of Appeals and was decided against the city. Then a writ of mandamus was procured, with which he was served yesterday. Mr. Coler immediately directed that the necessary orders be made out for the payment of the

Mr. Coler later made a statement respecting the O'Brien & Clark claim, in which he said:

Mr. Coler later made a statement respecting the O'Brien & Clark claim, in which he said:

The defeat of the city in its efforts to set aside and nullify the judgments confessed in the Aqueduct claims should be a startling lesson to the duct claims should be a startling lesson to the taxpayers of New-York. The city litigated these claims to the Court of Appeals five or six years ago, employing at large expense the most embrand lawyers in the city, who succeeded in finally defeating them on their merits. Thereafter the predecessor of the present Corporation Counsel confessed judgment to the amount of \$700,000 on the ground that by doing so the city avoided the possibility of having to pay a larger amount by the passage of relief bills in the Legislature.

In other words, the consideration for what would otherwise be a sumple gift of the city's money was fear of future legislation adverse to the interests of the city of New-York. Such a power as this should not be allowed to rest in the hands of any one man. The decision of the Court of Appeals was not made, as erroneously stated, upon an argument on the right of the Corporation Counsel to confess indgment without the consent of the Courtoiler. The recent efforts which I have made to present this fundamental question to the Court of Appeals appear to have been frustrated, and I now see no way by which the payment of the ludgments can be avoided. If the Corporation Counsel has the right to confess judgments in untimited amounts without the consent of the Controller, it is time the charter was amended. No single defect presents such threatening possibilities as this.

GENERAL ROGET TESTIFIES.

GENERAL ROGET TESTIFIES.

TELLS OF THE ATTEMPT OF M. DEROULEDE TO

Paris, Dec. 1.-The Senate as a High Court to-day a vote of 134 to 58 granted the Public Prosecutor's request to withdraw some of his unnecessary witness:s. Counsel for the prisoners objected, on the ground that they wished to cross examine some of them. The reading of the Court's decision sycked violent protests from the prisoners, who rose and made a terrible din. Counsel for the defonce asked that one of the witnesses be heard, and the Court, amid great excitement, retired. After a few minutes the public session was resumed, and M. Fallières, president of the Court, announced that the Court had decided that there was no ground to deliberate on the counsel's request, and ordered that General Roget be heard as the first witness.

quest, and ordered that General Rogers and the first witness.

The General described the demonstration of February 23, at the time the troops were returning from the funeral of President Faure, and said M. Déroulède clutched the bridle of his horse, which reared. General Roget added that he laid his sword hand on M. Déroulède, who released his hold. The General did not hear M. Déroulède address the troops.

G. A. LITCHFIELD ARRESTED.

George A. Litchfield, of No. 185 Schermerhornst., was arrested last night on a warrant issued by Justice Wilmot M. Smith, of the Supreme Court, Litchfield, who says that he is a member of the old Brooklyn family of Litchfields, is charged by Kenneth Atkinson in an affidavit, which he pre-sented to Justice Smith, with having borrowed \$70

sented to Justice Smith, with having borrowed \$70 from him on December 20, 1888, under faise pretences, and with having given him a check for the amount drawn on the Schermerhorn Funk, which he was not able to collect.

Litchfield was taken by Deputy Sheriff Johnson, who made the arrest, to the Raymond Street Johnson who made the arrest, to the Raymond Street Johnson who made the arrest, and said he would worse he was locked up in the debtor's part. He protested against his arrest, and said he would appear in court to-day, but he was held nevertheless. Later Lawyer Driggs had a talk with him, but would say nothing afterward.

Litchfield gave his occupation, when asked by the authorities, as that of gentleman. He is about forty years old.

MR. SCHROEDER'S FUNERAL

IT WILL BE HELD AT THE CLINTON AVENUE CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH ON MONDAY.

Ex-Mayor Frederick A. Schroeder of Brooklyn, after an illness covering about two weeks, died yesterday morning at 1:45 o'clock. His death was announced briefly in The Tribune yesterday. Two weeks ago Mr. Sch-oeder contracted a cold, which developed into pneumonia. He appeared to be doing well till Monday last, when he suffered a re-He got better, and it was hoped he was out of danger, but on Wednesday night his con-



FREDERICK A. SCHROEDER,

dition became worse. He was attended by Dr. Janeway, of Manhattan, and his family physician, Dr. Richardson, of Brooklyn. Besides his widow, Mr. Schroeder left a son, Edward A. Schroeder, and five daughters-Mrs. Stafford, Mrs. F. A. Ames. Mrs. Arguimbeau, Mrs. McLean and Miss Frances Schroeder. The funeral will take place on Monday at 2 o'clock p. m. in the Clinton Avenue Congregational Church.

SKETCH OF F. A. SCHROEDER.

Frederick A. Schroeder was born in the city of a surveyor of taxes in the service of the Prussian government. The elder Schroeder was a sympathizer with the revolutionists in 1848, political reasons emigrated to the United States. His son had received a good academic education at the age of fifteen, when his father came to this to start in business without more schooling. He expert in the trade. At the age of nineteen he

started a factory of his own, which was successful from the start. In 1854 he married Miss Mary Jane Rusher, an American girl of excellent family, and his business becoming more and more prosperous in 1858 he built a large factory at Cortlandt and Greenwich sts., Manhattan. In 1863 he formed a partnership with Isador Bon, and after a few years of prosperity they dropped manufacturing and began the importation of tobacco leaf. The firm has continued up to the present time.

rity, pleasing address and growing popularity with all classes in Brooklyn made him the popular choice of the Republican party in 1871 for the office of Controller. This was a new experience for him, and one that he did not relish. He at first declined to become a candidate, but the wishes of his friends finally prevailed, and he defeated the Democratic candidate by a handsome margin after an exciting campaign. The task which confronted him as soon as he assumed office was one of unusual magnitude, as ring prantices were firmly fastened upon the city government and the Democrats held the other principal offices. Mr. Schroeder displayed great courage in grappling with the situation, and he broke up official thievery that had become a habit with the ring managers. He guilty officials, brought about the restoration of troller's office hampered with out of date methods change, but he retired from business fifteen years and irregular bookkeeping practices, and he left it some time later with all of its business systematized and with a new system, which was maintained until two years ago.

It is said that Mr. Schroeder was the first city official in Broadway to Mr.

It is said that Mr. Schroeder was the first city official in Brooklyn to insist upon periodical investigations of the accounts in his office. His record as Controller made him one of Brooklyn's foremost citizens, and in 155 the Republicans insisted upon his accepting the Mayoralty nomination against Edward Rowe, whom he defeated by about 2,000 votes after a bitterly fought campaign. There had been no Republican Mayor of Brooklyn for many years, and, as before, Mr. Schroeder was an exceedingly busy man during his term, fighting the abuses which had become a habit with the heads of departments. He quitted the office with an excellent record and the esteem of Republicans and Democrats alike.

In 1878 his Republican fellow citizens again called upon him with the idea clearly in mind of sending upon him with the idea clearly in mind of sending

cellent record and the esteem of Republicans and Democrats alike.

In Isrs his kepublican fellow citizens again called upon him with the idea clearly in mind of sending a Senator to Albany who would secure legislation for the city of Brooklyn which would enable Brooklynites to free the city from spoilation by rings in both parties. The Democrats made a determined fight against Mr. Schroeder, but he was again successful at the polls. At Albany he secured the passage of a bill giving Brooklyn a new charter, the principal feature of which was, perhaps, the doing away with many three headed commissions and fixing the responsibility in a single head. The disance asylum and poorhouse at Flatbush were brought under the direct supervision of the city authorities and forced to make an accounting each year of moneys received. It was Mr. Schroeder who secured the section in the charter providing that the bonded indebtedness of the city should not exceed 10 per cent of the assessed valuation. After about ten years of officeholding he retired, in order to devote his time to business pursuits. He was a personal friend of General Grant, and a delegate to the Chicago convention which nominated General Garfield.

Mr. Schroeder was one of the founders of the Germania Savings Bank, of Brooklyn, and its president for twenty years. He was prominent in the Germania, Cavford. Hamilton and other clubs, and a director in many corporations in Brooklyn and Manhattan. In 1891 influential men in the party offered to secure him the nomination for Governor on the Republican ticket, but he declined in 1897, when excitement ran high about the selection of an anti-Tammany candidate for Mayor of New-York City, the Republican friends of Mr. Schroeder wanted him to take the nomination. He declined to entertain the suggestion, saying at the time that his health was not at all good and that he had no ambition to figure again in

politics.

Mr. Schroeder's home life was highly enjoyable, and his declining years were made happy by the companionship of his son, Edwin A. Schroeder, and five daughters. Mr. Schroeder's summers were spent at his country house on Shelter Island, and for several years he had lived in the winter time at the Hotel Margaret, on the Heights.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK WEST SHORE TRAIN.

THREE BOYS IMPLICATED-ONE UNDER ARREST-DIME NOVELS THE CAUSE.

Fort Plain, N. Y., Dec. 1.-Reports have been received here to the effect that Charles Lasher, thir-teen years old, is under arrest, and that he is now in the Fonda jail on the charge of attempted train wrecking.

The attempt, which was a particularly dastardly one, was made by three boys on last Wednesday between Mindenville and Indian Castle, two small stations on the West Shore Railroad, between Fort between Minearwine and a stations on the West Shore Railroad, between Fort Stations on the West Shore Railroad, between Fort Plain and Little Falls. As the result of the reading of yellow backed literature the three boys blockaded the eastbound passenger train at a sharp curve in a rocky cut, piling across the rails a number of ties. The attempt was planned just about the right time to wreck the fast eastbound Continental Limited, the West Shore's finest passenger train. The crew of a westbound freight senger train. The crew of a westbound freight frain noticed the ties piled across the track, and train noticed the ties piled across the track, and immediately informed the station agent at Indian (Castle, who held back the Continental Limited Castle, who is under arrest, lives at St. Johnsville, Lasher, who is under arrest, lives at St. Johnsville, Lasher, who is under arrest, lives at St. Johnsville, and his companions live in the country near that williage. The scene of the attempted train wrecking is a few miles east of the fearful wreck at Rome, caused by Watson and Hildreth.

THREE COLORED SAILORS DROWNED. Philadelphia, Dec. 1.-In the fog yesterday the schooner Clara, from Cape May, N. J., for Phila-delphia, with a cargo of sand, while at anchor in the Delaware River, near Chester, Penn., was run down by the Philadelphia and Baltimore steamer down by the Philadelphia and Baltimore steamer Ericsson. The schooner was cut in twain, and three of the schooner were drowned. They were James Wanzer. Thomas Rice and Edward Wilson, all colored, of this city. Captain Joseph E. Williamson, the only other man aboard, was caught in the wreckage of the schooner, and was seriously, if not fatally injured. He was rescued while struggling in the water. The schooner sunk immediately after she was struck, and the bodies of the three men are still in the wreckage. The Ericsson sustained little damage.

OBITUARY.

MRS. ANNIE MARIA SCHOLES.

Word was received in Brooklyn yesterday that Mrs. Annie Maria Scholes, the wife of Frederick Scholes, of No. 599 Bedford-ave., died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. B. Raymond, at Montclair N. J., on Thursday after an illness of three days. The funeral will be held at the home of the family this evening. The Rev. J. Ersaine Adams, pastor of the Ross Street Presbyterian Church, of which Mrs. Scholes was a member, will officiate. The body will be buried in Greenwood Cemetery tomorrow. Mrs. Scholes was born in England, and when a girl she came with her parents to Brooklyn, where she lived nearly seventy years. She was married more than fitty-eight years ago. Until about fifteen years ago she was active in society and also in many charitable and religious works. She was one of the first to help bring about the erection of the Lee Avenue Congregational Church, and her husband's father gave part of the ground on which it was built. of the Ross Street Presbyterian Church, of which

GEORGE GAMGEE.

George Gamgee, a charter member of Greenwood Lodge, F. and A. M., died at his home, No. 206 Seventeenth-st., Brooklyn, on Wednesday from pneumonia. He had been sick ten days. The will be held at his home this evening. when the Rev. John E. Lloyd will officiate. The when the Key, John E. Ladyd will diminite. Inbody will be buried in Greenwood Cemetery tomorrow. Mr. Gamgee was born in Hempstead.
England, in 1844, and came to Brooklyn when a
young man. In 1844 he became the superintendent
of Greenwood Cemetery, and it was under his direction that most of the improvements of those
grounds were made. He was a member of the
Twelfth Street Reformed Church.

STANTON BARNARD.

Stanton Barnard died on Thursday at his home, No. 22 West Thirty-second-st. He was seventy-one years old, and was the son of Frederick K. Barnard, of Albany. He was educated at Williams College, and on graduation engaged in his father's lumber business, after a time becoming president of the Chippewa Lumber and Boom Company, of Chippewa, Wis. He retired from active work about ten years ago. Mr. Barnard never married. He leaves a sister. Mrs. Norman White, of No. 101 West Seventy-eighth-st.

ALEXANDER MURRAY GUTHRIE.

Alexander Murray Guthrie, who died in the Presbyterian Hospital on Thursday from typhoid fever, was a well known citizen of Pittsburg, where he was born in 1842, his father being John B. Guthrie and his grandfather Marquis M. Murray. After being graduated from Jefferson College Alexander started to study law, but when the Civil War broke started to study law, but when the Civil War broke out he enlisted in the Independent Battallon of Ohio Cavairy, and served until the war was over. He was secretary of the North Pacific fleet under his uncle, Rear Admiral Murray, for two years, and then became teller of the National Bank of Pittsburg. Subsequently he became the New-York representative of the firm of Hussey, Howe & Co., and was interested in the manufacture of crucibles. He was twice married. His first wife was a Miss Rhodes, of this city. He leaves a widow and a daughter. The burial will be in Pittsburg.

SARAH HOYT LEE.

Sarah Hoyt Lee, wife of J. Bowers Lee, died yes-terday at her home. No. 14 West Tenth-st. The funeral will be held to-morrow afternoon at Grace

COLONEL CADWALLADER JONES.

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 1.-Cadwallader Jones, a colonel in the Confederate Army and once a prominent politician, died here to-day, aged eighty-six. He married Isabella, daughter of Governor Iredell of North Carolina. Colonel Jones was graduated in of North Carolina. Colonel Jones was graduated in 1832 from the University of North Carolina. Two of his sons were colonels in the Spanish war—Willie Jones, of South Carolina, and Johnston Jones, of California. The grandfather of the dead man was an aid to General Lafayette. John Paul Jones, the Revolutionary naval hero, changed his name from Paul to Jones for kindnesses at the hands of this distinguished North Carolina family. General Wade Hampton will be a pallbearer at the funcasi.

DR. ISAAC C. SMEDLEY.

Philadelphia, Dec. 1.-Dr. Isaac C. Smedley, well known physician of this city, was almost instantly killed at Bryn Mawr station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near here, to-day, was about to step on a train bound for this city when he slipped and fell, striking his head violently on the platform, sustaining a fracture of the skull, from which he died in a few minutes. Dr. Smedley was about forty-five years old and was a graduate of the Hahnemann Medical College, of this city. He was a member of several prominent clubs.

FREDERICK G. SWAN.

Frederick G. Swan, a well known stock broker, died at the Lenox, Fifth-ave, and Thirty-sixth-st., public funds to the city treasury and became the terror of municipal evildoers. He found the Controller's office hampered with any of the Controller's office hampered with any office hampered Mr. Swan was well known in club, commercial

Captain Cornelius Witworth McKay, son of Donald McKay, the clipper ship builder, died yesterday at his home in Harlem from a complication of dis-He was born in this city on February 1, 1834. After an unfinished course in college he went to work in his father's shipyard in East Boston. to work in his father's shipyard in East Boston. Later he was sent to Europe to study modelling. He assisted in designing the swift clipper ship Lightning, which once logged 456 miles in twenty-four hours. He also modelled other vessels. After his father retired from business in 1574 Captain McKay tried trading between American and West Indian ports. He was not successful in this venture. He was yachting reporter for "The Telegram" and "The Heraid" from 1878 until 1885. He was a United States Steam Vessel Inspector from 1889 until 1892. He was twice married. He leaves one son, Richard C. McKay. The funeral will be to-morrow at Keys's undertaking establishment, One-hundred-and-twenty-ninth-st, and Seventh-ave.

CHARLES OLMSTEAD.

Norwalk, Conn., Dec. 1.-General Charles Olmstead, who had been in poor health for some time, died at his home on Union-ave, this morning. He was seventy-four years old. General Olmstead born in Ridgefield. He was appointed postmaster of Norwalk by President Lincoln in 1862, and retained the office until 1884. He represented Norwalk several times in the General Assembly, and likewise had held various town offices. His two daughters survive him.

CHARLES EDWARD SMITH.

Charles Edward Smith died yesterday from pneumonia after an illness which lasted only a week. The funeral will be held to-morrow at the home of his brother-in-law, Willis L. Ogden, No. 73 Fierrepont-st., Brooklyn. This is the house in which Mr. Smith was born fifty-three years ago. For years he was engaged in the upholstery business and later went to Jamaica, West Indies, to build a railroad. Twenty-five years ago he married a sister of Samuel Coleman, the artist. She is dead. Their daughter, Miss Pamela Coleman Smith, is also an artist.

FUND FOR WIDOW OF CAPTAIN GRIDLEY. Sedalia, Mo., Dec. 1.-A movement is on foot here by which one hundred thousand persons will have opportunity to contribute 25 cents each to a 225,000 fund to be presented to the widow of Cap-tain Charles V. Gridley, who commanded Admiral Dewey's flagship at the battle of Manila. Miss Helen Gould is suggested for treasurer of the fund.

MEETINGS OF NEW-ENGLAND SOCIETY. A special meeting of the New-England Society City of New-York will be held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel on Friday evening, December 8, at \$30 o'clock, to nominate a board of officers to serve for the ensuing year and to elect members. The ninety-fourth annual meeting of the New-England Society will be held at the same place on Friday evening, December 15, at \$30 o'clock, to elect a board of officers and to transact other business. The society and its guests will celebrate the ninety-fourth anniversary of its organization and the 275th anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims by a festival at the Waldorf-Astoria on Friday evening, December 22, at 630 o'clock. George Wilson, secretary of the society, can be found at No. 34 Nassau-st. The Committee of Arrangements for the dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria consists of William E. Dodge, chairman; Edmund Clarence Stedman, George H. Robinson, Thomas H. Hubbard, Howland Davis, and Henry E. Howland, president of the society. Friday evening, December 15, at 8:50 o'clock, to

POWDER MILL EXPLOSION IN KANSAS. POWDER MILL EXPLOSION IN KANSAS.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 1.—A dispatch to "The W., beloved husband of Lillian Duryee, Notice of funeral nereafter." Star" from Welr City, Kan., says that a terrific explosion occurred at the Laftin-Rand Powder explosion occurred at the Lamin-Rand Fowder Works, nine miles south of that city, at 12-45 o'clock to-day. Direct communication with the works was cut off by the force of the explosion, and it is impossible to ascertain the extent of damage. Buildings in Weir City were shaken, and it is feared that loss of life resulted.

KINGSFORD—At his residence, in London, England, on November 30, 1809, John Jeken Kingsford, in the 85th year of his age.

West 10th-st., Sarah Hoyt, wife of J. Bowers Lee.

West 10th-st., Sarah Hoyt, wife of J. Bowers Lee.

Structure of the city, at 12-45 o'clock.

THE UNION OF ART BODIES.

IT IS GENERALLY THOUGHT TO BE A

DIFFICULT PROBLEM. Art circles discussed with interest yesterday The Tribune's story regarding the movement to unite all the art bodies of this city in one oganization, and, preliminary to such an association, to hold an exhibition of the united arts, possibly in Madison Square Garden. As an abstract proposition the union of the various art societies without suffering loss of individuality is generally favored, but as to the practical working out of the scheme it is

recognized that it is a difficult problem. Frederick Dielman, president of the National Academy of Design, said yesterday to a Tribune reporter: I should hesitate to express myself positively as

I should hesitate to express myself positively as to the practicability of such an organization because I foresee great difficulties that would attend any efforts in that direction. As a general thing, undoubtedly union in these matters, as well as in others, results in strength, and in view of the fact that one main object of such co-operation would be to impress the public with the present state and importance of American art, such co-operation must be considered desirable.

The various societies mentioned in The Tribune article hold very different ranks in respect to the quality of their membership, as well as in their material or financial condition. I have not yet heard of any plan on which these various conditions could be united in one organization. The membership of some of these societies consists exclusively of professional artists, and that of others of artists and amateurs and of citizens only remotely interested in art. The various societies at present exist for various purposes. Some of them exist mainly for the purpose of holding periodical exhibitions of art, others add to this function the carrying on of schools, while still others set before themselves the furtherance of art interests in a general and specific way. It appears to me they might unite for some common purpose, but I have not yet heard of any plan under which, in my opinion, they could be persuaded to give up their individual existence.

As far as I can make out, the accomplishment of the purpose which the National Academy of Design has set before itself and is now working for would serve in the main the ends proposed. The Academy is the proper body to do this work. Its schools have been in operation without a break since 1902. For three-quarters of a century it has uninterruptedly held annual exhibitions of American art. Its membership will without any question in the near future include every painter and sculptor of strength in America.

James D. Smillie, formerly treasurer of the National Academy is the purpose of the purpose of

James D. Smillie, formerly treasurer of the National Academy of Design, said he should be warmof the united arts, as suggested if it could be proved to be practicable, but having had consider-able experience in connection with the making of exhibitions and in dealing with artists, he felt that there were many difficulties that might be insur-mountable.

FRENCH LINE'S REPORTED PURCHASE.

It was said on Staten Island yesterday that the French Line of steamships, the Compagnie Générale Transatiantique, has about closed negotiations with Mrs. George Bechtel, who owns a large strip of waterfront at Stapleton, for a portion of It is said that \$1,000,000 has been practically agreed on as the price for the section of the waterfront and docks which the company desires to ob-

The strip of land involved in the reported nego tiations has a deep water frontage, and ships could dock there at all times and at night without trou ble. The site is well protected, and is only a couple of minutes' sail from Quarantine. The Staten Island Rapid Transit Railroad tracks, which are controlled by the Baltimore and Ohio, run along the shore end of the property.

Mr. Bocande, agent of the French Line, said last night that the story was without foundation.

THE STATENDAM FLOATED AGAIN.

The agents in this city of the Holland-America Line said yesterday that the steamer Statendam, of their line, which was reported aground at Maasluis, ten miles below Rotterdam, yesterday, had floated off with the tide and made port in Rotterdam, acterday morning from the company's office in Rotterdam. The Statendam sailed from this port for Rotterdam by way of Boulogne on November 19, and left Boulogne on November 29. It was said by the New-York agents yesterday that it was not an extraordinary incident for steamers to ground at Massius, and that the Statendam's mishap was probably due to an attempt of her captain to run. probably due to an attempt of her captain t up to Rotterdam with a tide that was too low agent said further that the soft mud botto Maasluis precluded any possibility of danger.

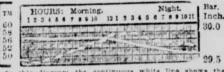
THE WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, Dec. 1 .- The disturbance which occupied Thursday night has moved northeastward and is has been carried over the Atlantic Coast States and rain has been followed by clearing and cooler weather in the Ohio Valley. An area of high barometer has eppeared on the North Pacino Coast. This high area indicates a change in the weather conditions which have attended a TRIBUNE ALMANAC for 1890, 25 cents a copy. Mr. Swan was well known in club, commercial and social circles. He was a life director of the American Bible Society, a member of the Metropolitan, South Side. Republican and Good Government D clubs, of the Society of Colonial Wars, Sons of the Revolution, New-York Genealogical and Geographical Society, the Mercantile Library, and Sunday fair and cooler weather will prevail in the Mercantile Coast States, preceded by rain in New-England Coast the Atlantic Coast States, preceded by rain in New-England Coast the Middle Atlantic Coast fresh southwest. On the Middle Atlantic Coast fresh southwest to west the daughter on Monday, December 4, at 11 o'clock in the morning. The burial will be private.

FORECAST IN DETAIL FOR TO-DAY.

For New-England, rain followed by fair and cooler ceather: brisk southerly, shifting to southwesterly For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New-For Eastern New Lors, Eastern Pennsylvania and New-Jersey, clearing in the morning; fair and cooler in the atternoon; brisk southwesterly winds.

For the District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland, fair and cocler 10-day, and and the Columbia and Western New-York, fair,



In this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

was fair, though it clouded up and rain fell at night. The temperature ranged between 58 and 48 degrees, the averge (53), being 6 degrees higher than on Thursday and 17 igher than on the corresponding date last year.

Clearing weather is indicated for to-day.

another good feature is that it is safe for the tenderest infant-Jayne's Expectorant.

The charm of heauty is beautiful hair. Secure it with Parker's Hair Balsam. Greve's Continent makes a healthy skin, 50c.

MARRIED.

CLEVELAND-HOMANS-On November 20, 1800, at the Collegiate Church, West End-ave, and 77th-st., by the Rev. Dr. Henry E. Cobb, Frances Eslete, daughter of Mrs. Edward C. Homans, to Charles Dexter Cleveland, Mrs. Edward C. Homans, to Charles Dexier Cleveland, VAN ETTERO—WEIGHTMAN—Ou Wednesday, No-vember 29, 1869, at No. 129 Hancock-st., Brooklyn, N. Y., by the Rev. John G. Bacchus, D. D., Annie Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Weightman, to James Finchot Van Ettero, of Conashaugh, Pike Coun-ty, Fenn.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be in-dersed with full name and address,

DIED.

Barnard, Stanton, Dingersoil, Mary B. S. Hunt, Edmund L. Jones, George W. Kingsford, John J.

Scholes, Anne M. B.
Schroeder, Frederick A.
Smith, Charles B.
Sparks, Mary B. L.
Strange, Harriet A.
Swan, Prederick G.
Terry, Valeria,
Thornas, Priscilla J.
Tucker, Katlarine L. W.
Wholer Grace A. H.
White, Harriet S.

ATWATER—On Wednesday, November 29, the Rev. Einathan R. Atwater, in his 84th year. Funeral services at his late residence. No. 843 Carroll-st., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Saturday, December 2, at 12:30 o'clock.
Canajoharie and Fort Plain papers please copy.

BARNARD—At his late residence, No. 32 West 32d-st., on November 30, 1899, Stanton Barnard, son of the late Frederick J. Barnard, of Albany, N. Y., sged Ti years, Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at Brick Church (chapel), 5th-ave, and 37th-st., Saturday, December 2, at 9:15 a. m.

DINGERSOLL Suddenly in Catskill, December 1, 1890 Mary Edith Schuyler, daughter of Edwin D. and Har-riet Dingersoll, in the 25th year of her age. Notice of funcial hereafter.

HUNT—At Quaker Ridge South, Dimund L. Hunt, for-merir of Chappaqua, in his Tith year. Funeral Sunday morning, 11 o'clock, December 3, 1899, at the Chappaqua Meeting House, Burial at Chappaqua, N. 1.

KINGSPORD-At his residence, in London, England, on November 20, 1800, John Jeken Kingsford, in the 85th

OLMSTEAD—At his residence, on Union eve, in Workwalk, Conn., on Priday, December 1, 1896, General Charles Olmstead, in the 15th year of his age.
Obsequites will be held on Monday, December 4, at 2 o'clock, at his late-residence.
Interment private. PERRY—At Omaha, Nabrasks, November 30, 1809, Olives Henry, son of Henry H. Perry, Funeral from the O. H. Perry homestead, Southport, Conn., Monday, December 4, at 2 p. m.

DIED.

RENVILLE—On December 1, at the residence parents, No. 501 West 1991b-st., Herbert, Infant Alice Mary Devoe and Herbert Renville.
Funeral private.

ROE-At Paterson, N. J., Wednesday, November 29, in railroad accident, Mary Burt, wife of David Roe, jr.,

SCHOLES—Suddenly, on November 80, at Montdals, No. J., Anne Maria Hoyce, wife of Frederick Scholes, aged 74 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, No. 580 Bedford are Brooklyn, on Saturday, December 2, 1809, at 8 p. m. Interment at convenience of family. SCHROEDER-On December 1, at the Hotel Margaret, Brooklyn, Frederick A. Schroeder, in the 67th year

Brooklyn, Frederick A. Schroeder, in the 67th year of his ge.
Funeral services at the Clinton Avenue Congregational Church, corner of Clinton and Lafayette aves., Brooklyn, Monday, December 4, at 2 p. m.
Interiment private.
Kindly omit flowers.

SMITH—On Friday, December 1, at his residence in New-York city, Charles Edward Smith, son of the late Cyrus P. Smith, of Brooklyn, in the 53d year of his aga. Funeral nervices will be held at the residence of his brother-in-law, Willia L. Ogden, No. 73 Pierrepontal, Brooklyn, on Sunday, December 2, at 2:30 o'clock. SPARKS—On November 30, 1899, after a short filmen, Mary E. Lamont, wife of the late John Sparks.
Funeral services at her residence, Greenwich, Saturday morning, Docember 2, at 1130 o'clock.
Carriages will meet the 10:04 train from New-York.

STRANGE—Suddenly, on Wednesday, November 29, as the residence of her niece, Mrs. George A. Jones, 212 West 28th-st., Harriet Archer, widow of the late Edwin H. Strange.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral on Saturday afternoon from Christ Church, Tarrytown, as 2.30.

SWAN—At the Lenox, on Thursday, November 30, Free-erick G. Swan, in the 60th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the house of his son-the-law, Benjamin Welles, No. 6 West 37th-st., Monday, December 4, at 11 o'clock a. m. Relatives are invited to attend.

TERRY-At Bristol, Conn., November 27, 1890, Valerta Terry, widow of the late James Terry, of Terryvilla Conn., in the 78th year of her age.

Funeral at St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, as 11 a. m., Saturday, WHEELER-Thursday, November 30, Grace Arnold Heavile of George B. Wheeler and daughter of George wife of George B. Wheeler and daughter of George A. and Laura F. Hearn. Relatives and intimate friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence. No. 46 Rass 60th-st., Sunday afternoon, at 2:15 o'clock.

A.—The Kensico Cemetery.—Private states Harlem Ralicoad, 43 minutes ride from the Grand-Centre Depot. Office, 16 Bast 42d-st.

OFFICE, 1 MADISON AVE., COR, 23D ST., N. T.

Special Notices.

Bangs & Co., 91 and 93 Fifth Avenue, WILL SELL AT AUCTION MONDAY, Dec. 4th, at P. M., a large and interesting collection of BOOKS, comprising valuable works on a great variety of topics—the books all in good condition. TUESDAY and two following afternoons, at 8 o'dock THE LIBRARY OF JOHN C. CLEGG, ESQ.

comprising editions of the famous Greek and Lathe Authors, specimens from the Aldine, Elzavir, and other well known presses. Old Bindings, also American and English Books. FRIDAY, Dec. 8, at 8 P. M.,
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works on New York, Dramatic Literature, Scarce Books,

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Postoffice Notice.

(Should be read DAHAY by all interested as changes may occur at any (inch.)

Foreign mails for the week ending December 2, 1886, and inches promoting in all cases) at the General Postoffice as follows: Parcels Fost Mails close one hour earlier than clesing time shown below. Parcels Fost Mails for Germany close at 5 p. m. Monday.

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

many close at 5 p. m. Monday.

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

SATURDAY—At 8 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per a separandam, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per s. s. Spantham"); at 9 a. m. for Italy per a sems, via Naples (letters must be directed "per s. Ems"); at 10:30 a. m. (supplementary 12 m.) for Europe.

PRINTED MATTER, ETC.—German steamers salling on Tuesdays take Printed Matter, etc., for Germany, and Specially Addressed Printed Matter, etc., for other parts of Europe. American and White Star steamers on Wednesdays German steamers on Thursdays, and Cunard, French and German steamers on Saturdays, take Printed Matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transatiantic Mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German steamers, and remain open until withing the Mails of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

connect on the piers of the American, English, ricensian and German steamers, and remain open until withing ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

WEST INDIES. ETC.

SATURDAY—At 0.30 a. m. (supplementary 10 a. m.) for St. Thomas. St. Croix, Leeward and Windward Islands, and for Demerara, per a. s. Caribbeer at 10 a. m. supplementary 10.30 a. m.) for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Savanilla and Caribagena, per s. s. Adirondack detters for Costa Rica must be directed "per s. s. Adirondack"; at 10 a. m. (supplementary 10.30 a. m.) for St. Kitts, Guadeloupe, Harbados and Demerara, per s. s. Culler; at 11 a. m. for Cuba, per s. s. Marico, via Hawana detters must be directed "per Mexico"; at 12 m. for Santos direct, per s. s. Asino Prince.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8.30 p. m. (connecting close here every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8.30 p. m. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8.30 p. m. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Mamily, Fin., and thence by steamer close at this office daily at 8.30 p. m. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Mamily, Fin., and thence by steamer closes are on Sunday, Wednesday and Friday). Mails for Cuba, by rail to Mamily, Fin., and thence by steamer, closes at this office derivation of dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 2.30 a. m. and 2.20 p. m. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Mamily, Fin., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 2.30 a. m. and 2.20 p. m. Mails for Cuba, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 2.30 a. m. and 2.20 p. m. Mails for Cuba, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 2.30 a. m. on previous day, IRegistered mail closes at 6 p. m. second day befor.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for Hawaii, Japan and China, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 p. m. up to December 15, inclusive, for dispatch per s. s. Coptie, Mails for Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 p. m. up to December 15, inclusive, for dispatch per s. s. Australia. Mails for Australias no clonies (except West Australia, which goes via Europe, and New-Zealand, which goes via San Francisco, Hawaii, and Fill Islands, via Vancouver, close here daily at 6:30 p. m. after November 125 and up to December 19, inclusive, for dispatch per s. s. Warrimon. Mails for Australia (except West Australia), New-Zealand, Hawaii, Fill and Samoan Islands, via Vancouver, close here daily at 6:30 p. m. after December 19 and up to Incrember 123, inclusive, or on day of arrival of s. s. Campania, due at New-York December 23, for dispatch per s. s. Mariposa. Mails for Sciety Island, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 p. m. up to December 126, inclusive, for dispatch per s. p. dispatch per s. TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

ber 126, inclusive, for despated to port of sailing daily India Transpacine mais are forwarded to port of sailing daily and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumpand the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumpand of their uninterrupted overland transit. fRegistered mail closes at 3 p. m. previous day, tered mail closes at 3 p. m. previous day.

CONNELIUS VAN COTT, Postmaster Postoffice, New-York, N. Y., November 21, 1888.